

Sample problems for the Final Exam

Part I: Chapter 16.

1. Compute the curl and divergence of the vector field $\mathbf{F} = \langle x + \sin yz, y + \sin xz, z + \sin xy \rangle$.
2. (a) Find the unit normal \mathbf{n} to the surface $z = 4 - x^2 - y^2$.
(b) Find the area and centroid of the part of the surface that lies above $z = 0$, with density $\delta \equiv 1$.
3. Find the mass of the wire with line density $\delta(x, y, z) = \sqrt{z + 9/2}$, following the curve $C: x = 2\sqrt{2}t, y = 2 - t, z = t^2/2, 0 \leq t \leq 1$.
4. Evaluate the integral of $f(x, y) = xy^2$ along the curve C consisting of two line segments connecting points $(-1, 2)$, $(-1, 5)$ and $(3, 5)$, in that order.
5. Find the potential function for the vector field $\langle 2x + y, x + 2y, 2z \rangle$.
6. Check for independence of path and evaluate the line integral

$$\int_{(0,0)}^{(1,-1)} 2xe^y dx + x^2e^y dy$$

7. Use the Green's theorem to evaluate

$$\int_C (\arctan x - y)dx + (e^y - x)dy,$$

where C is the part of the ellipse $(x/5)^2 + (y/2)^2 = 1$ where $x \leq 5\sqrt{3}/2$, traversed counterclockwise.

8. Let $\mathbf{F} = x \mathbf{i} + y \mathbf{j}$, and S be the hemisphere $z = \sqrt{9 - x^2 - y^2}$. Find the flux of the vector field \mathbf{F} through the surface by direct computation.
9. Using Divergence Theorem, evaluate the flux from previous problem.

Answers:

1. $\nabla \times \mathbf{F} = \langle x \cos xy - x \cos xz, y \cos yz - y \cos xy, z \cos xz - z \cos yz \rangle$,
 $\nabla \cdot \mathbf{F} = 3$.

2. (a) $\mathbf{n} = \frac{\langle 2x, 2y, 1 \rangle}{\sqrt{1 + 4x^2 + 4y^2}}$ (b) $A = (\pi/6)(17^{3/2} - 1)$, $\bar{x} = \bar{y} = 0$,
 $\bar{z} = 17/4 - (3/20)(17^{5/2} - 1)/(17^{3/2} - 1) \approx 1.665$

3. $(9 + 1/3)/\sqrt{2}$ 4. 61

5. $f(x, y, z) = x^2 + xy + y^2 + z^2$. 6. $1/e$

7. $5\sqrt{3} + 1/e - e$ 8-9. 36π

NOTE: *The answers have been carefully checked, however, errors are still possible!*