

Problem 5. Let

$$S = \left\{ \mathbf{v}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{v}_4 = \begin{bmatrix} -8 \\ 1 \\ -6 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

1. Determine if vector  $\mathbf{b}$  belongs to the span of vectors in set  $S$ ? If yes, then express  $\mathbf{b}$  as a linear combination of vectors in set  $S$ .

Let  $A = [\mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2, \mathbf{v}_3, \mathbf{v}_4]$ . Determine if  $Ax = \mathbf{b}$  is consistent.

$$[A|\mathbf{b}] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & -1 & 7 & -8 & -5 \\ 1 & 2 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 4 & 3 & -1 & -6 & -5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -5 & 15 & -10 & -5 \\ 0 & -5 & 15 & -10 & -5 \end{bmatrix} R_2$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & -4 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{consistent} \Rightarrow \mathbf{b} \in \text{span}(S).$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 & -3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x_1, x_2 - \text{basic} \\ x_3, x_4 - \text{free} \end{array}$$

Set  $x_4 = x_3 = 0$ .

$$x_2 = 1, x_1 = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 \cdot \mathbf{v}_2 - 2 \mathbf{v}_1 = \mathbf{b}. \Rightarrow \bar{\mathbf{b}} = \mathbf{v}_2 - 2 \mathbf{v}_1.$$

$$\text{Check: } \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} - 2 \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 0 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

2. Give a linearly independent subset of  $S$  that generates  $\text{span}(S)$ .

$$S' = \{ \mathbf{v}_1, \mathbf{v}_2 \}.$$

3. Does the set  $S$  generate  $\mathbb{R}^3$ ? Explain.

No, it doesn't. Third row doesn't have a pivot.  
For some  $\mathbf{b} \in \mathbb{R}^3$ , system is inconsistent.