

Problem 3. Let $T(x) = Ax$ for $x \in \mathbb{R}^3$, where

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Explain your answers.

1. Show that T is a linear transformation.

$$T(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2) = A(\bar{x}_1 + \bar{x}_2) = A\bar{x}_1 + A\bar{x}_2, \quad \forall \bar{x}_1, \bar{x}_2 \in \mathbb{R}^3.$$

$$T(c\bar{x}) = A(c\bar{x}) = cA\bar{x} = cT(x), \quad \forall \bar{x} \in \mathbb{R}^3, \forall c \in \mathbb{R}.$$

$\Rightarrow T$ is a linear transformation.

2. Specify the domain and the co-domain of T .

Domain of T is \mathbb{R}^3 .

Co-domain of T is \mathbb{R}^4 .

$$T: \mathbb{R}^3 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^4.$$

3. Is T one-to-one?

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & -1 & 3 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 \\ -1 & -1 & 9 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 9 \\ 0 & -5 & 3 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Pivot in every column
 T is one-to-one.

4. Is T onto?

T is not onto since columns of A don't span \mathbb{R}^4 .
The fourth row of A doesn't have a pivot position.

5. Is T invertible? No. T is invertible $\Leftrightarrow A$ is invertible.
 A isn't invertible since it isn't a square matrix.