

Quiz 2

Name: Solution Key

Let

$$S = \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ -7 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \text{ and } \mathbf{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}.$$

1. Is the set S linearly dependent or independent? Explain.

Since S consists of 4 vectors and S is a subset of \mathbb{R}^3 , the set S is linearly dependent (# of vectors is greater than the dimension of the space).

2. Find a ^{lin. ind.} subset of S that generates $\text{span}(S)$. Row reduce the matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -5 & 1 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -7 & -7 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Pivot columns: 1st and 2nd.

Vectors $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$ span $\text{span}(S)$ and form a linearly independent set.

3. Determine if vector \mathbf{b} belongs to the span of vectors in S ? If yes, then express \mathbf{b} as a linear combination of vectors in S .

Consider a linear system $x_1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + x_2 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$.

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 2 & 2 \\ 2 & -5 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & -7 & -7 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 6 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{No rows as } [0, 0, *] \\ \Rightarrow \text{consistent and} \\ \mathbf{b} \in \text{span}(S). \end{array}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \leftarrow \text{RREF.} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 5 \\ x_2 = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix} = 5 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}.$$

4. Does the set S span \mathbb{R}^3 ? Explain.

No, S doesn't span \mathbb{R}^3 . REF of the matrix doesn't have a pivot in 3rd row. To be a spanning set for \mathbb{R}^3 , all rows should have a pivot.