

September 12, 2006

Quiz 2

Name: Solution Key1. Determine if vector u is a linear combination of vectors in $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$:

$$u = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -12 \\ 2 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 4 & -12 & 0 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 & -1 \\ 7 & 7 & 13 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 7 & 5 & 13 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} R_2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} \\ R_1 \cdot \frac{1}{4} \\ R_3 \end{matrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 5 & \frac{7}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ R_3 - 7R_1 \end{matrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & -3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & \frac{7}{2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} \\ \\ 2R_2 + R_3 \end{matrix}$$

Yes, u is a linear combination of vectors in $\{v_1, v_2, v_3\}$

2. Determine if the vectors in $\{v_1, v_2, v_3, v_4\}$ generate \mathbb{R}^3 :

$$v_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 6 \end{pmatrix}, v_2 = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ -4 \\ 23 \end{pmatrix}, v_3 = \begin{pmatrix} -3 \\ 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, v_4 = \begin{pmatrix} 12 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}.$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 7 & -3 & 12 \\ -1 & -4 & 2 & 1 \\ 6 & 23 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -2 & -1 \\ 2 & 7 & -3 & 12 \\ 6 & 23 & 5 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 14 \\ 0 & -1 & 17 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & -2 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & -14 \\ 0 & 0 & 16 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \text{ There is a pivot position in every row. The set generates } \mathbb{R}^3$$

3. Find the vectors that span the solution set of the homogeneous linear system

$$\begin{aligned} 3x_1 - 2x_2 - x_3 + 4x_4 &= 0 \\ -x_1 + x_2 + x_3 - 2x_4 &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 3 & -2 & -1 & 4 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 3 & -2 & -1 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{matrix} x_1, x_2 \text{ - basis} \\ x_3, x_4 \text{ - free} \end{matrix}$$

$$x_4 = s$$

$$x_3 = t$$

$$x_2 = -2t + 2s$$

$$x_1 = -t$$

$$x = t \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} + s \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$$